

# The Daily Gazetteer.

WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 3. 1736.

Nov. 423

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day arrived the Mails due from Holland and France.

**L** E T T E R S from Constantinople, applaud the great Genius of Baki-Kam, the Ambassador lately arrived there from the new Sophy of Persia, as well as his mighty Zeal for the King his Master, whose Interests he conducts with very great Circumspection. Mean time he religiously care'd at the Porte, in hopes that will at last recede from some of his Pretensions, which are an Obstacle to the Treaty of Peace between the two Empires. Those Letters have brought following Account of the publick Entry he made in August last, which was one of the grandest that has been made there for a long Time by an Ambassador from the Asiatick Powers. Baki-Kam accompany'd by the Bashaw of Erzerum, arriving on the 6th at Scutari with 200 persons in his Retinue, alighted at the House of the General of the Bombardiers, which was prepared for his Reception. As soon as he arrived, the Kiaja of the Kaimacan came to compliment him. The 10th being the Day that the Kaimacan was fix'd for giving him Audience, the Ambassador went about 3 o'Clock in the Afternoon with the Bashaw to the Sea Coast, where they each went on board a separate Galley. As soon as the Ambassador was on board his Vessel, it fir'd three Guns and the whole Crew struck their Oars. The Ambassador was saluted as he cross'd the Harbour by 15 Guns from the Tower of Leander, 15 from Topkapi, and by 10 from a Kiosk of the Grand Signior, near the Custom-house of Galata. The Ambassador also saluted him when they were over-against Seraglio, and when he landed at Baktekepey. From that Place he went in a Boat to the Custom-house of Constantinople, where, at his landing, he was saluted by 12 Guns that were fired on the Kay. There he found several of the Grand Signior's Principal Officers, with 120 Janizaries magnificently Caparison'd for himself and his Retinue. The Ambassador rested about an hour at the Custom-house, during which the Officers whom the Grand Signior sent to meet him, prepared for the Procession, which was made in the following Order. A Company of 120 Janizaries, whom several had their Caps of Ceremony, the Way: Then came the Seymen Badgi, supported by two Tchorbaggis; 66 of the Grand Signior's Chiaouxes, 12 of the Ambassador's Chiaouxes in Feathers in their Caps; his Kiaja, his Master of the Horse, and another of his Principal Officers; a Selfcar, carrying a Sword upon his Shoulder; of the Ambassador's Fusiliers walking on foot in 10 Files, and dress'd all alike with their Fusces on their Shoulders, but in Cases; 12 Pages also in the same Dress, and carrying their Maces erect; Chiaoux-Bachi; two Led Horses; the Ambassador alone, in a Persian Habit of Silver Cloth dress'd with Sable; his Iman and his Secretary, the latter carrying in his Hand the Ambassador's Credentials. The March was closed by 96 Persians in Distinction, all magnificently dress'd, and by the Ambassador's Officers and Domesticks, some of whom carried Tobacco-Pipes after the Persian manner. The Ambassador stay'd near an Hour at the Kaimacan, who made him sit by his Side on the same Sofa, and made him a Present of some to be distributed to the Iman and the Secretary, and the usual Vests to the rest of the Ambassador's Domesticks, which as they return'd from Audience, they placed on the Pommels of their saddles. The whole Train return'd in the same Order that they went: But as the Wind was too high for the Gallies to carry the Ambassador back to Scutari, he went on board the Saick of the Angli-Bachi, when he was saluted by 12 Guns from the Custom-house, and by others from the Kiosk, from Top-Hana and the Tower of Leander, as he had been when he went from Scutari to Constantinople.

Letters from Vienna say, they have received a Romance from Constantinople, which is a more important Piece, and at least as well imagin'd as any, with which the French and Saxons have for some Years exhibited to the World. The Hero of it is the old Sophy of Persia. This unfortunate Prince seeing an intimate Confident of Kouli-Kan, the present Sophy, come into his Prison, with Orders to bore out his Eyes, bursts into Tears, falls at his Feet, and so rouses his Mussulman Conscience, that the latter instead of executing his Master's Orders, corrupts the old Sophy's Guard, consisting of 600 Men, so that they take him out of Prison and guard him to a Province of Persia, where in a Trice he assembles an Army of 40,000 Men with which he prepares to give the present Sophy Battle. 'Tis suppos'd that if this first Part be well received by the Publick, the Turkish Author will give them a second Part of the said Romance. They add from Vienna, that the Emperor, at the Recommendation of the King of France and of the Cardinal de Fleury, has granted Prince Eugene's late Regiment of Dragoons to Prince Alexander of Hesse Rheinfels, Brother to the Dutchess of Bourbon.

The Report that the Count de Bonneval had quarrelled with the Ministers of the Porte, because he had not the second Post in the Command of the Grand Vizier's Army, is discover'd to be a Blind, in order to conceal the Count's Journey, who is gone privately from Constantinople for Bosnia, where he is making all Preparations to act, if there should be Occasion, with a Body of 40,000 Men. This compared with the last Advices which they received at Vienna from Constantinople, are a Confirmation of the Opinion, that the Porte only discover'd their Inclination for a Peace, till the Affairs with Persia were accommodated, and that now this is done, they intend to act with more Vigour on the Side of Europe.

The Court of Petersburg has received Advice from their General Lascy, that a Body of Cossacks and Calmucks, which he detach'd towards the Crime to cut off some Parties of Tartars that were advanced to make Incursions upon the Russian Frontiers, met a Party of 200 on the 17th of Sept. O. S. and cut them all in Pieces, except 30 whom they made Prisoners, and who reporting that another Party of 800 was gone before, the Cossacks and Calmucks pursued and overtook them the same Day towards Noon and put them to Flight, after having kill'd 300 and taken 30 Prisoners. They at the same Time set some Russians at Liberty, who had been so unfortunate as to fall into their Hands, and took about 400 Horses. The same Day the Court received Advice from Donduck Omba, the Chief of the Calmucks, that he has made all the necessary Preparations for a second Expedition into Cuban, and that for this End, he design'd to march on the 8th of that Month with all his Calmucks, and was to be join'd on that Day by those of Cubardin.

Letters from Switzerland say, that the Emperor's Offer of granting Pensions for Life to the Officers of the two Swiss Regiments which his Imperial Majesty had taken into his Service upon account of the late War, and which he disbanded after the Suspension of Arms, is not well relish'd by the Cantons. The Popish Cantons have indeed accepted of the Offer for that Regiment which is of their Religion, but those of Berne and Basil, refuse to give that Consent for the Regiment which is of the Protestant Religion: They assert, that by the Laws of Switzerland, their Subjects ought not to receive Pensions from any foreign Powers, after they are out of their Service; and consequently, they demand of the Emperor, the Performance of his Engagement that he enter'd into, to keep those Regiments in his Service 6 Years longer. But the Canton of Zurich, has thought it more convenient to delay taking any Resolution upon the Affair, till it has been examined in a Conference which the Deputies of the Protestant Cantons are to hold at Baden.

According to Letters from Italy, the Accommodation betwixt the Court of Rome and those of Madrid and Naples, seems farther off than ever; the Pope having, 'tis said, declared that he will never grant the Investiture of Naples and Sicily, till the Differences in Question are adjust'd, and the

said Courts persisting in their Demand of the said Investiture in the first Place.

They write from Naples, that King Carlos's Huntsmen being incommoded by a little Country House in the Park of Capo di Monte, he order'd it to be pulled down on the Spot; when the Workmen had scarce begun to demolish it, but they found a Treasure conceal'd in it of 14,000 Ducats; and that the King, tho' he had resolv'd to punish the Count de L —, Governor of the Tower of Mount Carmel, in an exemplary Manner, for his Design to assassinate the Princess Dowager of Avellino and her Gentleman of the Horse, he has alter'd his Resolution, for the Sake of the Count's Family; and that he was lately removed by Night from the Castell del Oro, to that of Baya, in the Terra de Laborador, where they say he has been privately put to Death.

They write from Parma, that the Imperialists who were in the Territory of Lucca, are arrived on the Frontiers of the Modenese, and from thence they are shortly expected in the Parmesan, whither Orders are sent to get Forage ready for the Cavalry. It seems the sudden Return of these Troops are very surprising, and gives Reason for various Speculations.

Letters from Salée by the Way of Gibraltar say, that the Morocco Admiral has carried a Dutch Ship into the Port Safia with a considerable Cargo, and only 16 Men on board with a Woman and a Child; and after having left his Prize there, and taken in Provisions and Water, he sail'd again with two other Corsairs for fresh Prey.

According to other Letters from Barbary, the Empress of Morocco, who is Mother to the Emperor Muley Abdallah, has made use of a cunning Stratagem against the Bashaw of Tangier, who in order to render his Government independent on the Emperor, has hitherto secretly fomented Enemies and Troubles to perplex him. The Princess, with several hundred Soldiers, repair'd to the Neighbourhood of Tetuan, under Pretence of visiting the Tomb of a Mahometan Saint in that Neighbourhood; but her true Design was to decoy the Bashaw to her, and then to have him arrested and delivered up to Muley Abdallah. With this View when she came near Tetuan, she sent to invite the Bashaw, and to tell him, that she had some Matters of Consequence to impart to him. But the Bashaw apprehending a Snake in the Grass, sent to make his Excuses to her for not waiting on her, and pretended that he was not well. The Messenger was one of his own Brothers, by whom he sent the Empress fine Presents. — These Letters add, that the Swedish Consul at Algier, has been at Tunis, and made a Present to the Dey and the Regency, of several Pieces of Artillery, 2000 Bullets and other Ammunition, in hopes of obtaining good Terms in the Treaty that he has a Commission to conclude betwixt Sweden and that Government.

Those of the 4th ult. O. S. from Leghorn say, that an Apartment was fitting up there for the Duke de Montemar, who was expected there from Pisa the latter End of that Month to tarry there this Winter; which makes it suspected, that the Spaniards will spend Part of this Season in that Country, the rather, because the last Courier that arrived there from Spain, brought no Order for their Embarkation, and because the Duke de Montemar receiv'd another Remittance from his Court of 150,000 Pieces of Eight for the Pay of his Troops.

The Letters add, that the Government at Leghorn, after having examined the English Seamen of the *Pigmy* who murder'd their Captain, had caus'd them to be put on board an English Ship to be brought to London, where they are like to receive due Punishment; and that by an English Ship arriv'd there from Barcelona, they hear that a great Number of Vessels are continually hired there for the Service of Spain.

The Duke d'Antin who lately died at Paris, was Lewis Anthony de-Pardailhan de Gondrin, Peer of France, Lord of the Dutchies of Epornon and Bellegarde, Marquis de Montespan and de Gondrin, Viscount de Murat, Baron de Curfe, de Montour and de Langon: He was a Knight of the French





French King's Orders, a Minister of State, a Lieutenant General of his Armies, and of Upper and Lower Allacé, Governor and Lieutenant General of the Orleanois and its Dependencies, and Director General of the King's Ships and Gardens, as well as of Arts, Manufactures, Academies, &c. He is succeeded in his Honours and Estates by Lewis de Paradaillan, Duke of Epernon, his Grandson, in whose Favour he resign'd his Ducal Peerage in the Year 1722. The present Duke is Son to the Countess of Tholouse, by her Marriage with the Marquis de Gondrin. The Deceased died in the 71st Year of his Age of a violent Fever, occasioned by an Operation in his Thigh, which was cut for a Cancer.

#### L O N D O N.

Don Joseph Patinho, the King of Spain's Secretary of State, who was lately reported to be dead, was living on the 12th ult. O. S. according to Letters from Madrid, and was a little better than he had been, but not quite out of Danger.

According to some Letters from Geneva, the late Duke of Ormond, who has resided for near three Years at Avignon, is shortly to be married to a Lady of that City.

On the 9th of last Month there arrived at Genoa an English Man of War from our Squadron at Lisbon, Sir John Norris's Nephew Commander, who carried thither M. Wainar, who was the Emperor's Minister lately at Paris, and last at Lisbon, and considerable Sums of Money for the Genoese Merchants.

The last Paris Gazette says, in the Article from Constantinople, that the Treaty of Peace between the Turks and Persians, was signed three Months ago at Erzerum on the Frontiers of Persia.

Letters from Amsterdam mention the Arrival of Madame Segatti from hence, who is celebrated for her fine Voice and her great Skill in Musick, and that last Wednesday she gave a Concert at Doelen to a very numerous Assembly, who highly applauded the Extent and Sweetness of her Voice.

Yesterday the Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty put his Majesty's Ship the *Eltham* into Commission, and appointed the Lord Augustus Fitz-Roy, Captain; Mr. Frogmore, First Lieutenant; Mr. Bait, Second, and the Hon. Mr. George Townshend Third.

They write from the West, that the Chancellor of a certain Diocese had lately excommunicated the Archdeacon there for a Contempt; and that the Archdeacon having appealed, and the Chancellor not appearing, the Chancellor was also excommunicated for his Offence.

Letters have been lately sent to the Clergy of several Dioceses, in order to know the Number and Value of Livings each Clergyman holds, at which he resides, and if he has a Curate, what he allows him.

Cholmondley, Esq; is appointed an Ensign in the Second Regiment of Foot Guards.

Last Monday Col. Coker of the Guards, was married at Battersea to Miss Watson, a very agreeable young Lady, with a Fortune of 4000 l. and 200 l. per Annum.

His Majesty has been pleased to appoint George Staveley, Esq; to be Ensign in a Company of General Whetlam's Regiment of Foot.

The Royal Guardian, Capt. Hoadly, and the Montagu, Capt. Seale, are arrived in the Downs on their Voyage to the East Indies.

Last Night his Grace the Duke of Kingston, who has been about two Years in France, was expected at his House in Arlington-street from thence, several of his Attendants and Baggage being already arrived.

Yesterday Morning her Majesty went to Kew to Breakfast, and about 3 o'Clock returned to Kensington to Dinner.

This Day the Lord Chancellor, Judges, and several of his Majesty's most Hon. Privy Council, will meet in the Exchequer Chamber, to nominate 3 Persons out of each County, in order for his Majesty to prick down, to serve as Sheriffs for the ensuing Year.

This Day comes on at Doctors Commons the further Hearing relating to Sir Harry Blount's bearing Arms.

Yesterday her Grace the Duchess of Dorset and the Lady Betty Germain set out for the Bath.

The same Day a Soldier was committed to the Savoy, double Iron'd, being charged with robbing the King's Fish-ponds: There was a Net found tied about him when taken.

Yesterday Daniel Malden, William Rine and Samuel Morgan, were executed at Tyburn, and after they were cut down all their Bodies were delivered to the Surgeons.

Late on Monday Night her Majesty's Reprieve came down to Newgate for Mary Kempton, who was to have suffered with the others; and we hear she will be transported for 14 Years.

Last Sunday Night about 5 o'Clock, several Foot Passengers were robbed in the Fields between the Hospital at Hyde Park Corner and Bloody Bridge, by three Foot Pads.

#### BANKRUPTS.

Mordcai Carolino, of Houndsditch, London, Dealer in Snuff and Chapman.

John Harris, of the Parish of St. Martin in the Fields, in the County of Middlesex, Carver.

Yesterday Bank Stock was 148 to 14th. India 177 3-4ths. South Sea 99 5-8ths. Old Annuity 111 without the Dividend. New ditto, 110 3-8ths. Three per Cent. 104 3-4ths to 115. Emperor's Loan 116 3-4ths. Royal Assurance 111 to 1-half. London Assurance 14 5-8ths. York Buildings 2. African 16. India Bonds 6 l. 2 s. to 3 s. Prem. Three per Cent. ditto, 6 l. 1 s. Prem. South Sea Bonds 4 l. Premium. New Bank Circulation 1 l. 2 s. 6 d. Premium. Salt Talties 3 to 5 Premium. English Copper 2 l. 8 s. Welch ditto, no Price. Three 1-half per Cent. Exchequer Orders 6 1-half to 3 4ths per Cent. Prem. Three per Cent. ditto, 1 7-8ths per Cent. Premium. Million Bank 115 1-half to 116.

This Day is Published,

[ Price Six-Pence ]

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Or the History of the Works of the Learned. Containing an Account of the most valuable Books published both at Home and Abroad, in most of the Languages in Europe, and in all Arts and Sciences. With proper Observations on each Author. To which are occasionally added, Biographical Memoirs, Dissertations, and Critical Enquiries.

By a SOCIETY of GENTLEMEN.  
For OCTOBER 1736.

This Month contains,  
I. A Politick Essay upon Commerce.  
II. An Abridgment of Algebra and Fluxions.  
III. Rowning's System of Natural Philosophy.  
IV. Continuation of Tournefort on Plants.  
V. Literary News.  
Printed and sold by J. and J. Fox, in Westminster-Hall; J. Jackson, near St. James's-Gate; T. Meighan, in Drury-Lane; J. Wilcox, over-against the New Church in the Strand; T. Worral, over-against St. Dunstan's Church in Fleet-street; P. Meighan, at Grays-Inn-Gate in Holbourn; and H. Whitridge, at the Corner of Cattle-Alley, near the Royal Exchange. As also by T. Cooper, at the Globe in Pater-noster-Row. Where may be had the first Volume Complete, or any single Number.

This Day (Nov. 1.) is published,

#### THE POLITICAL STATE of Great

Britain for the Month of OCTOBER, 1736.

Containing in particular,  
1. Reasons for reducing the Interest payable upon East India Bonds.  
2. South Sea Company's Resolutions in relation to their Dispute with the Spaniards.  
3. An Account of a Robbery under pretence of Authority.  
4. Some Observations on the famous Story of Wat Tyler.  
5. An Account of Mr. Wright's Legacies.  
6. Accounts of Mr. Mapp, the famous Bone-setter.  
7. Kentish Regulations for preserving the Game.  
8. A full Account of the Riot at Edinburgh, and the hanging of Capt. Porteous.  
9. An Account of a miraculous Lake in Ireland.  
10. An extraordinary Dispute in New Hampshire, between the Governor and House of Representatives.  
11. A Contest between South Carolina and Georgia.  
12. Frene's Preparations at Mississippi, against South Carolina.  
13. An excellent Law made in Jamaica.  
14. Journal of the Proceedings and Debates of last Session of Parliament continued. Containing,  
1. A Clause offered in favour of Punch, with the Debate on that Subject.  
2. Chief Reason for passing the Bill in the House of Lords.  
3. A short Account of the long Yorkshire Election.  
4. An Account of the Quantities of Corn exported.  
5. Quakers Petition in relation to Tythes.  
15. Marriages, &c.  
16. Bill of Mortality.  
17. Imports and Exports.  
N. B. The Proceedings and Debates of last Session were begun in the Political State for the Month of June last; and shall be continued Monthly till concluded.  
Printed for T. Cooper, at the Globe in Pater-noster-Row. Price 1 s. 6 d. Where may be had the former Numbers.

This Day is Published,  
(In a Neat Pocket Volume)

Written by

The Right Reverend the Lord Bishop of SODOR and MAN.

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Understanding of the BLESSED SACRAMENT of the LORD'S SUPPER; with the Necessary Preparation required For the Benefit of YOUNG COMMUNICANTS, such as have not well Consider'd this HOLY ORDINANCE. To which is Annex'd,

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Such who are dispos'd to give away the above excellent Books, shall, on taking a Number, have a handsome Allowance.

#### WHEREAS Alexander Clerc,

Frenchman, went away with a Sum of Money on Saturday the 30th of October in the Afternoon, which he received at the Bank, and has not since been heard of; about 30 Years of Age, strong set, fair Complexion, when he went away a Drab-colour Cloth Coat, black coat, Leather Breeches, a brown bob Wig, and speaks good English. Whoever secures him, and gives Notice to Noah Bliffon, at Mr. Smith's, Packer, in L. thbury, shall have Fifty Pounds Reward, paid by the said Mr. Noah Bliffon.

NOAH BLISSON

London, October 29, 1736

#### WHEREAS Alexander Clerc,

Frenchman, went away this Afternoon about 6 o'Clock, with a Sum of Money which he received at the Bank, and has not since been heard of; this is to give Notice, that Joseph Clerc, desires him to return, and give him his Money, that if he doth, and apply himself to me, nothing shall be made easy to him.

JOSEPH CLERC

#### The Great Carminative.

A most famous Tincture for the Wind Colic.

IN what Part soever lodged; for at taking, and in five Minute's Time, it perfectly cures severest Gripings in the Guts, and immediately expels Wind from the Stomach or Bowels (as it were) to a Distance.

For all wandering Pains in any Part soever, which are some Persons the Forerunners of a fixed Rheumatism, the Gout (mistaken many times under the Notion of Sticking Ailments) this famous Medicine has not its Fellow; giving wrought Wonders in these Cases on great Numbers of People, who, before taking it, could neither sit, stand, nor at Ease; but were in intolerable Pain Night and Day, taking less than half a Bottle, were absolutely freed from present Pain, and, by a short Continuance of the Cure recovered to perfect Health again.

As for any Belchings or Hiccups, proceeding from Wind, or, in short, in any Case of Wind, it may be dependant on the best, safest, most expeditious, and most sovereign Remedy ever yet known.

It is sold only at Mr. King's, Picture Shop in the Strand near the Royal Exchange, and at Mr. Marten's, the Sign of the Three Rabbits near Durham-yard, in Strand, at 3 s. the Bottle.

By the said Mr. King and Mr. Marten is also sold for 1 s. the Bottle.

#### The Princely beautifying LOTION.

Whose INIMITABLE VIRTUES and TRANSCENDENT EXCELLENCIES have gained it so much Reputation, that envious Imitators endeavour, tho' in vain, to counterfeit it.

It beautifies the Face, Neck, and Hands to the truest section, and is in the greatest Esteem among Ladies for the first Quality. No Words can sufficiently express its virtues; for it is not of the Nature of Paint, which puts on and unnatural Gloss on the Skin; but is a Remedy, by its Use, really gives a Lustre to the most beautiful, by giving the fine Features of the Face, and is so safe, not the least Grain of Mercury in it, that it may be taken inwardly and it smells so, is really good against Vapours.

It infallibly kills Worms in the Face, takes away Freckles, Spots, Wrinkles, Pits, or Marks of the Small-Pox, and cures any Defects in the Face, giving a charming Lustre and fine Air to the Features, to Admiration.

As for such Persons as are of a swarthy Complexion, or are bled with any disagreeable Redness, Roughness, Measles, or the like, it is not to be parallel'd; for it immediately smooths, clears, plumps, nourishes, and whiteneth to the last Degree, and makes those Persons who before were haggard and old, to look young, beautiful, and airy, and short, it far exceeds any thing that was ever yet made publick, for clearing and beautifying the Skin.

L O N D O N: Printed for T. COOPER, at the Globe in Pater-noster-Row.